

Spectral Gamma-Ray Borehole Log Data Report

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Log Event A

Borehole

10-05-09

Borehole Information

N-Coord: 41,304 **W-Coord**: 47,753 **TOC** Elevation: 688.21

Water Level, ft : Date Drilled : $\frac{4/30/1962}{}$

Casing Record

Type: Steel-welded Thickness: 0.280 ID, in.: 6

Top Depth, ft. : $\underline{0}$ Bottom Depth, ft. : $\underline{75}$

Borehole Notes:

This borehole was drilled in April 1962 and completed to a depth of 75 ft with 6-in.-diameter casing. There is no mention in the driller's log that the casing was perforated or grouted.

"As-built" drawings for the A Tank Farm indicate the borehole was constructed with 6-in., schedule-30 pipe; however, this type of pipe was not identified in applicable engineering references. The casing thickness for the borehole is assumed to be 0.280 in., on the basis of the published thickness for schedule-40, 6-in. casing.

The top of the casing is the zero reference for the log. The casing lip is located on a berm that is approximately 3 ft above the ground surface.

Equipment Information

 Logging System :
 1
 Detector Type :
 HPGe
 Detector Efficiency:
 35.0 %

 Calibration Date :
 10/1996
 Calibration Reference :
 GJO-HAN-13
 Logging Procedure :
 P-GJPO-1783

Logging Information

Log Run Number: 1 Log Run Date: 11/18/1996 Logging Engineer: Alan Pearson

Start Depth, ft.: $\underline{76.5}$ Counting Time, sec.: $\underline{100}$ L/R: \underline{L} Shield: \underline{N} Finish Depth, ft.: $\underline{33.0}$ MSA Interval, ft.: $\underline{0.5}$ Log Speed, ft/min.: $\underline{n/a}$

Log Run Number: 2 Log Run Date: 11/19/1996 Logging Engineer: Alan Pearson

Start Depth, ft.: $\underline{34.0}$ Counting Time, sec.: $\underline{100}$ L/R: \underline{L} Shield: \underline{N} Finish Depth, ft.: $\underline{0.0}$ MSA Interval, ft.: $\underline{0.5}$ Log Speed, ft/min.: $\underline{n/a}$



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Logging Operation Notes:

This borehole was logged in two log runs. The total logging depth achieved by the SGLS was 76.5 ft.

Analysis Information

Analyst: S.D. Barry

Data Processing Reference : MAC-VZCP 1.7.9 Analysis Date : 03/12/1998

Analysis Notes:

The pre- and post-survey field verification spectra for all logging runs met the acceptance criteria established for peak shape and system efficiency. The energy calibration and peak-shape calibration from these spectra were used to establish the peak resolution and channel-to-energy parameters used in processing the spectra acquired during the logging operation.

Casing correction factors for a 0.280-in.-thick steel casing (based on a 6-in., schedule-40 pipe) were applied to the entire logged interval during the analysis process.

Shape factor analysis was applied to the SGLS data and provided insights into the distribution of Cs-137 contamination and into the nature of zones of elevated total count gamma-ray activity not attributable to gamma-emitting radionuclides.

Log Plot Notes:

Separate log plots show the man-made and the naturally occurring radionuclides. The natural radionuclides can be used for lithology interpretations. The headings of the plots identify the specific gamma rays used to calculate the concentrations. Uncertainty bars on the plots show the statistical uncertainties for the measurements as 95-percent confidence intervals. Open circles on the plots give the MDL. The MDL of a radionuclide represents the lowest concentration at which positive identification of a gamma-ray peak is statistically defensible.

A combination plot includes the man-made and natural radionuclides, the total gamma derived from the spectral data, and the Tank Farms gross gamma log. The gross gamma plot displays the latest available digital data. No attempt has been made to adjust the depths of the gross gamma logs to coincide with the SGLS data.

A plot of the shape factor analysis results is also included. The plot is used as an interpretive tool to help determine the radial distribution of man-made contaminants around the borehole.

Results/Interpretations:

The only man-made radionuclide detected in this borehole was Cs-137. Cs-137 contamination was detected nearly continuously from the ground surface to 15 ft, intermittently just above the MDL from 27.5 to 47 ft, and nearly continuously from 51 ft to the bottom of the logged interval (76.5 ft).

At a depth of approximately 26 ft, the KUT concentration values decrease slightly.

An analysis of the shape factors associated with applicable segments of the spectra was performed. The shape factors provide insights into the distribution of the Cs-137 contamination. The Cs-137 contamination



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measured above the 1 cps threshold required for shape factor analysis from the ground surface to 11 ft. CsSF1 indicates the Cs-137 contamination is distributed uniformly in the sediments surrounding the borehole from just below the ground surface to about 11 ft.

Additional information and interpretations of log data are included in the main body of the Tank Summary Data Reports for tanks A-104 and A-105.